

# THE BLIND SPOTS OF AUDITING ETHICS IN AN ORGANISATION

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### WHAT IS ETHICS?

Ethics refers to well-founded standards of right and wrong that prescribe what

humans ought to do.

Ethics refers to the study and development of one's ethical standards.



#### WHAT IS ACTUALLY RIGHT?

#### The footbridge dilemma

There is a runc there are five them. You are this lever, the to there is one pe

The person on the bridge can choose to push the large person onto the track, thereby killing that person but potentially stopping the tram and saving the five people further down the track.

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Do nothing and

Pull the lever, c

Which is the m

n.



#### WHAT DOES RESEARCH SAY?

The trolley problem has been the subject of many surveys in which about 90% of respondents have chosen to kill the one and save the five.

If the situation is modified where the one sacrificed for the five was a relative, romantic partner or younger, respondents are much less like to be witing to sacrifice the one life.  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

A 2009 survey by David Bourget and David Chalmers shows that 69.9% of professional philosophers would switch (sacrifice the one individual to save five lives) in the case of the trolley problem, 8% would not switch, and the remaining 24% had another view or could not answer.









## THE CODE OF CONDUCT

ATTRIBUTE	IMMATURE	REPEATABLE	DEFINED	MATURE	WORLD CLASS
1. Code of Ethics (How effectively does the Code outline management's expectations regarding ethical conduct?)	<ul> <li>There is no formally documented code of ethics.</li> <li>In general, there are no other means of communicating management's expectations regarding ethical conduct.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A Code of Ethics has been developed, but it may not be comprehensive or current.</li> <li>Experienced employees generally understand management's expectations regarding ethical conduct, but new employees may not have any way of determining those expectations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A comprehensive         Code of Ethics exists, was approved         by the Board and is         reviewed every two         to three years to         determine what updates are needed.</li> <li>All employees must sign off annually that they comply with the Code of Ethics.</li> <li>New employees must sign a document asserting that they have read and understand the Code.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Outside counsel reviews the Code of Ethics as appropriate ate to ensure it remains current and appropriate.</li> <li>The Code of Ethics is reviewed annually and updated as necessary.</li> <li>All employees must complete annual questionnaires that ask more probing questions regarding compliance with the Code of Ethics.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Specific compliance policies are in place to support and provide additional guidance on key components of the Code of Ethics.</li> <li>Periodic focus groups and/or surveys are conducted with a representative sample of employees to assess their understanding of the Code of Ethics and their perceptions on level of compliance throughout the organization.</li> </ul>



### ARE WE ETHICAL OR WE JUST SAYS SO?

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# WHISLEBLOWING TOOLS

Whistleblowing with the bystander effect could be self-serving tool combined



# ARE WE ABLE TO CHANGE OUR MORAL DEVELO



#	Level	Stage	Heinz should steal the drug, because	Heinz should <i>not</i> steal the drug, because		
1	Pre-	Obedience	It is only worth \$200 and not how much the druggist wanted for it; Heinz had even offered to pay for it and was not stealing anything else.	He will consequently be put in prison which will mean he is a bad person.		
	Conventional	Self-interest	He will be much happier if he saves his wife, even if he has to serve a prison sentence.	Prison is an awful place, and he would more likely languish in a jail cell than over his wife's death.		
2	Conventional	Conformity	His wife expects it; he wants to be a good husband.	Stealing is bad and he is not a criminal; he has tried to do everything he can without breaking the law, you cannot blame him.		
		Law-and-order	His wife will benefit, but he should also take the prescribed punishment for the crime as well as paying the druggist what he is owed.  Criminals cannot just run around without regard for the law; actions have consequences.	The law prohibits stealing.		
3	Post- Conventional	Social contract orientation	Everyone has a right to choose life, regardless of the law.	The scientist has a right to fair compensation. Even if his wife is sick, it does not make his actions right.		
		Universal human ethics	Saving a human life is a more fundamental value than the property rights of another person.	Others may need the medicine just as badly, and their lives are equally significant.		



## GOALS LEAD TO ...

#### Challenaina performance anals can cause employees to

cheat	ATTRIBUTE	IMMATURE	REPEATABLE	DEFINED	MATURE	WORLD CLASS
What	6. Goals and Metrics (How is success of the compliance program measured?)	No formal goals or metrics exist or are contemplated.	While goals and metrics are not formalized, employees generally understand that the absence of compliance events is indicative of a successful program.	<ul> <li>Broad compliance goals are established and communicated.</li> <li>Broad metrics exist to measure the nature and frequency of compliance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Specific compliance goals are integrated into the annual goal setting process for each risk area.</li> <li>Metrics are estab- lished for each risk</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All employees have individual compli- ance goals.</li> <li>Metrics are integrat- ed into the overall performance mea- surement process.</li> </ul>
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# THANK YOU Q&A

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